

TECHNICAL GROWING GUIDE FOR
Boxwood Baby Gem™



KEY FEATURES

Exposure	Full sun to part shade
Mature Size	4' H x 4-5' W
USDA Zones	Hardy in USDA zones 5-9

- » Exceptionally compact boxwood
- » Use in smaller gardens for border and focal areas
- » Deer resistant

Buxus microphylla 'Gregem' PP21159

HOW TO GROW FROM A LINER

MEDIA	Type	Regular ornamental soil mix
	Soil / Bark	60% new screened bark plus 40% old screened bark.
	Lime	Pulverized dolomitic, 3.5 lbs per cubic yard
	Talstar	3.5 lbs per cubic yard
	pH	5.5 - 6.5
	EC	1.5 - 2.0

FINISHING TIME	1 Gal	Plant 3" liner in early spring. Should finish fall same year.
	2 Gal	Plant 3" liner early spring to finish following spring. Plant 3" liner late summer to early fall to finish the following fall.
	3 Gal	Plant 3" liner early spring to finish following spring. Plant 3" liner late summer to early fall to finish the following fall.

SHIFTING UP	1 ↗ 2 Gal	Shift 1 gallon in fall/winter. Finish following fall and spring.
	1 ↗ 3 Gal	Shift 1 gallon late summer, fall or winter should finish the following fall.

FERTILIZER	Type	Top dress with slow release fertilizer
	App Rate	Medium
	Brands	Harrell's 18-5-13 or Osmocote 15-9-11 or Nutricote 18-8-8

CARE	Light	Full sun to part shade
	Growth Rate	Medium
	Water	Medium
	Trimming	Prune in spring

PROPAGATION

Timing	June or fall
Type	Semi-hardwood cuttings
Hormone	IBA 3250 plus NAA 1500
Root Rate	Medium

PESTS & DISEASE	Leaf Miner, mites and nematodes, Boxwood Decline: stress can lead to fungal problems, (Volutella, Verticillium, Fusarium, Phytophthora, Paecilomyces and Macrophome), Boxwood Blight: Cylandrocladium
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